

Printed: 12/14/2023 Revision: 12/14/2023 Supersedes Revision: 03/15/2023

	1 Product and Com	 any Identification		
Broduct Code:	7805			
Product Code: Product Name: Company Name:	SL-780 20% Concrete Seal Sunbelt Laboratories	Phone Number: (281)261-4747		
	Stafford, TX 77497	(201)201-4747		
Web site address:	www.sunbelt-labs.com			
Emergency Contact:	CHEM-TEL	(800)255-3924		
	2. Hazards lo	Jentification		
Flammable Liquids, Category	/ 2			
Toxic To Reproduction, Cate	gory 2			
Specific Target Organ Toxici	ty (repeated exposure), Cate	jory 2		
	12			
GHS Signal Word:	Danger			
GHS Hazard Phrases:	Highly flammable liquid and v	apor.		
	May be harmful if swallowed a	and enters airways.		
	May cause damage to throug	h prolonged or repeated exposure.		
GHS Precautionary Phrases:	Do not handle until all safety r	rore use. precautions have been read and understood		
	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.			
	Keep container tightly closed.			
	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting// equipment.			
	Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge			
	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.			
	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.			
	Use personal protective equip	ment as required.		
GHS Response Phrases:	IF SWALLOWED: Immediate IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove with water/shower	y call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. //take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin		
	IF exposed or concerned: Ge	t medical attention/advice.		
	Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell.			
	Do NOT induce vomiting.			
	If skin irritation occurs, get me	dical advice/attention.		
GHS Storage and Disposal	Store in cool/well-ventilated p	ace.		
F 111 d 3 e 5.	Dispose of contents/container	to		
OSHA Regulatory Status:	This material is classified as h	azardous under OSHA regulations.		

SUNBELT
LABORATORIES

SAFETY DATA SHEET SL-780 20% Concrete Seal

Potential He	alth Effects	May cause skin dryness or o	cracking. Prolonged	l or repeated skin contact may cause	
(Acute and Chronic):		defatting and dermatitis.			
		May result in aspiration into pulmonary edema.	May result in aspiration into the lungs, causing chemical pneumonia or delayed pulmonary edema.		
		Chronic:			
Inhalation:		Causes respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.			
Skin Contac	Prolonged and/or repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin and dermatitis. expected to cause an allergic skin reaction. A single prolonged skin exposure is no to result in the material being absorbed in harmful amounts.		defatting of the skin and dermatitis. Not single prolonged skin exposure is not likely aful amounts.		
Eye Contact	ct: Causes eye irritation. Vapors may cause eye irritation.		ritation.		
Ingestion:		May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Ingestion of			
large amounts may cause central nervous system depression.				em depression.	
		3. Composition/Infor	mation on Ing	redients	
CAS #	Hazardous Co	mponents (Chemical Name)	Concentration		

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	Concentration	
64742-95-6	SC-100 Solvent	60.0 -80.0 %	
NA	Acrylamide-substituted epoxy (generic)	5.0 -15.0 %	
108-88-3	Toluene	5.0 -15.0 %	
A First Aid Measures			

	4. First Aid Measures
Emergency and First Aid Procedures:	
In Case of Inhalation:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Monitor respiratory function. If there is breathing difficulty, provide oxygen. Take this SDS. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
In Case of Skin Contact:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash affected area with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. Seek medical attention. Take this SDS. In case of contact, flush skin with plenty of water. Get medical aid if irritation develops and persists.
In Case of Eye Contact:	Wash immediately with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical attention. Take this SDS. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
In Case of Ingestion:	Rinse mouth with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:	Keep warm and at rest. Avoid any direct contact with the product. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Symptomatic treatment should include, above all, measured of support as correction of hydro electrolytic and metabolic disturbances and respiratory failure.
Note to Physician:	Treat symptomatically and supportively.



n

	5. Fire Fighting Measures			
Flash Pt:	> 104.00 F (40.0 C) Method Used: TAG Closed Cup			
Explosive Limits:	LEL: No data. UEL: No data.			
Autoignition Pt:	No data.			
Suitable Extinguishing Media	a:Use water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or alcohol-resistant foam. Water may be ineffective.			
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:	Do not use water jet. Burning liquid may float on water.			
Fire Fighting Instructions:	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode in the heat of a fire. Liquid will float and may reignite on the surface of water. Flammable liquid and vapor. May accumulate static electrical charges, and may cause ignition of its own vapors. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back.			
Flammable Properties and Hazards:	Vapors may spread to sources of ignition and provoke flames to retrocede. Closed containers may rupture violently when exposed to fire or excessive heat.			
	Risk of explosion if heated under confinement. Gas/vapor explosive with air within explosion limits.			
Hazardous Combustion	Toxic vapors may be formed. Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex			
Products:	mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases, including carbon monoxide			
	6. Accidental Release Measures			
Protective Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:	Use personal protective equipment as described on section 8.			
Environmental Precautions:	Avoid spillage reaches watercourses and sewerage systems. It is recommended the installation of fire alarm system and leak detection in storage and handling sites.			
	Do not discharge directly into the environment or into the sewer system. The dilution water from fire fighting can cause pollution.			
Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or	Isolate the leak from sources of ignition. Prevent sparks or flames.			
Spilled:	Use natural barriers or containment of spillage. Collect spilled product and place in appropriate containers. Prevent spreading over great surfaces (e.g. by damming or installing oil booms). Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Spills/Leaks: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth), then place in suitable container. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Use water spray to disperse the gas/vapor. Remove all sources of ignition. Use a spark-proof tool. Provide ventilation.			
	7. Handling and Storage			
Precautions To Be Taken in Handling:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection. Keep away from clothing as well as other incompatible materials. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof			



	Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid breathing vapor.
Precautions To Be Taken in Storing:	Provide adequate ventilation. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
	Store in well-ventilated place. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed. The floor of the storage room must be impermeable, non-oxidizing and with contention dikes to retain the product in case of leakage. Store in adequate storage tanks placed in containment basin to retain product in case of leakage.
	Floors should be impenetrable, resistant to liquids and easy to clean. The floor of the depot should be impermeable and designed to form a tight basin. Engineering specifications should meet local regulations. Keep from contact with oxidizing materials. Flammables-area.
o	Representation

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

CAS #	Partial Chemical	Name	OSHA TWA	ACGIH TWA	Other Limits		
64742-95-6	SC-100 Solvent		No data.	No data.	No data.		
NA	Acrylamide-substituted epoxy (generic)		No data.	No data.	No data.		
108-88-3	Toluene		PEL: 200 ppm STEL: 500 ppm/(10min) CEIL: 300 ppm	TLV: 20 ppm	No data.		
Respiratory Equipment Wear appropriate b (Specify Type): under TLV. It is recommended TLV-TWA. In cases air respirator (SCB/ the OSHA respirator 149. Use a NIOSH/ limits are exceeded		reathing apparatus if air renewal not sufficient to maintain vapor to use a respirator for organic vapors for exposures above half of the swhich exposure exceed three times TLV-TWA values, use supplied A), full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode > > TLV. Follow or regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN /MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure					
Eye Protection: Chemical safety Wear chemical s		Chemical safety go Wear chemical spla	oggles. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. ash goggles.				
Protective Gloves: Prote		Protective gloves made of PVC. Wear appropriate gloves to prevent skin exposure.					
Other Protective Clothing: Wear appropr		Wear appropriate p	protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.				
Engineering Controls (Ventilation etc.): Provide adeq minimize vap should be ava should not be engineering of Facilities stor a safety show		Provide adequate v minimize vapor con should be available should not be worn. engineering controls Facilities storing or a safety shower.	entilation. Provide local exh centrations. Emergency eye in the immediate vicinity of Use process enclosure, loc s to control airborne levels h utilizing this material should	aust or general room ven e wash fountains and safe any potential exposure. (cal exhaust ventilation, or below recommended expo be equipped with an eye	tilation to ety showers Contact lenses other osure limits. ewash facility and		

GHS format



9. Physical and Chemical Properties			
Physical States:	[]Gas [X]Liquid []Solid		
Appearance and Odor:	aromatic odor. Clear.		
pH:	Not available		
Melting Point:	NE		
Boiling Point:	> 280.00 F (137.8 C) / 760 mm Hg.		
Flash Pt:	> 104.00 F (40.0 C) Method Used: TAG Closed Cup		
Evaporation Rate:	>1		
Flammability (solid, gas):	No data available.		
Explosive Limits:	LEL: No data. UEL: No data.		
Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or	Not established		
mm Hg):			
Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1):	> 1		
Specific Gravity (Water = 1):	.910 at 77.0 F (25.0 C)		
Solubility in Water:			
Solubility Notes:	SOLUBLE IN WATER COMPLETE.		
Coefficient:	No uala.		
Percent Volatile:	80.0 % by volume		
Autoignition Pt:	No data		
Decomposition Temperature	No data		
Viscosity:	No data		
	10 Otobility and Depativity		
Reactivity:	Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling as recommended in section 7. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.		
Stability:	Unstable [] Stable [X]		
Conditions To Avoid -	Strong oxidizing agents, concentrated oxygen and dinitrogen tetraoxide). Pure oxygen.		
Instability:	Do not expose to heat or ignition sources. ignition sources, Excess heat.		
Incompatibility - Materials To Avoid:	Pure oxygen. Strong oxidizing agents.		
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts:	On burning: combustion may produce irritating and toxic gases. Carbon monoxide.		
Possibility of Hazardous	Will occur [] Will not occur [X]		
Reactions:			
	I ha muselusekis skalala akusemusel kanadinan anal skamana sanadikisusa. Duselusekuvillusek		
Conditions To Avoid -	The product is stable at normal handling- and storage conditions. Product will not		
Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:	The product is stable at normal handling- and storage conditions. Product will not undergo polymerization.		
Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:	The product is stable at normal handling- and storage conditions. Product will not undergo polymerization.		
Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:	The product is stable at normal handling- and storage conditions. Product will not undergo polymerization.		
Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:	The product is stable at normal handling- and storage conditions. Product will not undergo polymerization.		
Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:	The product is stable at normal handling- and storage conditions. Product will not undergo polymerization.		
Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:	The product is stable at normal handling- and storage conditions. Product will not undergo polymerization.		
Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:	The product is stable at normal handling- and storage conditions. Product will not undergo polymerization.		
Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:	The product is stable at normal handling- and storage conditions. Product will not undergo polymerization.		
Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:	The product is stable at normal handling- and storage conditions. Product will not undergo polymerization.		
Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:	The product is stable at normal handling- and storage conditions. Product will not undergo polymerization.		



11. Toxicological Information

Toxicological Information:	Not classified. Reproductive toxicity. Suspected human reproductive toxicant. Epidemiology: No information found. Teratogenicity: Exposure to n-butyl acetate vapors throughout gestation did not cause significant teratogenicity in rabbits, rats, or mice. Reproductive Effects: Mutagenicity: Neurotoxicity: Other Studies:
Irritation or Corrosion:	Causes slightly skin irritation (in vivo assay data)
Symptoms related to Toxicological Characteristics:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Sensitization:	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity/Other Information:	There are in vivo studies that indicate positive results of kidney cancer. CAS# 123-86-4: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

CAS #	Hazardous Com	nponents (Chemical Name)	NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA
64742-95-6	SC-100 Solvent	SC-100 Solvent		n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
NA	Acrylamide-subs	Acrylamide-substituted epoxy (generic)		n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
108-88-3	Toluene		n.a.	3	Unknown	n.a.
	·	12. Ecological Inform	nation	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
		No data available.				
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:		This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria of REACH, annex XIII.				
Persistence and Degradability:		According to the results of tests of biodegradability this product is not readily biodegradable.				
Bioaccumulative Potential:		Most of the hydrocarbon blocks comprising gasoline have a Log Kow > 3,, indicating these constituents have a potential to bioaccumulate.				
Mobility in So	oil:	No data available.				
		13. Disposal Conside	rations			
Waste Disposal Method:		Regional legislation (waste): Federal, state and local laws should be	e consulted.			
		Waste treatment methods: Treatment should be carried out as established for the product, recommending routes of co-processing in cement kilns and incineration.				
		Waste disposal recommendations: Waste should be disposed as hazardous waste according to local regulations. The treatment and disposal should be evaluated specifically for each product. Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification. RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.				
		14. Transport Inform	nation			

SUNBELT	
LABORATORIES	

Page: 7 Printed: 12/14/2023 Revision: 12/14/2023 Supersedes Revision: 03/15/2023

LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT):							
DOT Proper Shipping Name: DOT Hazard Class: UN/NA Number:		Flammable liquids, n.o.s. Toluene. (SC-100 Solvent, Toluene)3FLAMMABLE LIQUIDUN1993Packing Group:) 		
		FLAMMØBLE LIOUID					
LAND TRANSPORT (Canadian TDG):							
TDG Shipping Name: Toluene.							
AIR TRANSPORT (ICAO/IATA):							
ICAO/IATA Shipping Name: Forbidden.							
15. Regulatory Information							
EPA SARA (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986) Lists							
CAS #	Hazardous Compor	nents (Chemical Name)	S. 302 (EHS)	S. 304 RQ	S. 313 (TRI)		
64742-95-6	SC-100 Solvent		No	No	No		
NA	Acrylamide-substitute	ed epoxy (generic)	No	No	No		
108-88-3	Toluene		No	Yes NA	Yes		
'Hazard Categ for SARA Title 311/312 as ind	jories' defined [X] a III Sections []] dicated: []] []] []]	[] Yes [] No Flammal] Yes [X] No Oxidizer] Yes [X] No Self-read] Yes [X] No Pyropho] Yes [X] No Pyropho] Yes [X] No Pyropho] Yes [X] No Self-head] Yes [X] No Organic] Yes [X] No Organic] Yes [X] No Gas und] Yes [X] No Gas und] Yes [X] No Gas und] Yes [X] No Corrosiv] Yes [X] No Combus] Yes [X] No Combus] Yes [X] No Combus] Yes [X] No Skin Cor] Yes [X] No Serious] Yes [X] No Serious] Yes [X] No Germ ce] Yes [X] No Carcinog [Yes [] No Specific] Yes [] No Simple A [Yes [X] No Simple A	ble (gases, aerosols, (liquid, solid or gas) tive ric (liquid or solid) ric gas ting peroxide e to metal er pressure (compresent tible Dust I) Hazard Not Otherwis rosion or Irritation eye damage or eye in ory or Skin Sensitization eye damage or eye in ory or Skin Sensitization eye toxicity target organ toxicity of n Hazard usphyxiant Hazard Not Otherwis	liquid, or solid) ssed gas) immable gas vise Classified (HNC posure) ritation tion (single or repeated of se Classified (HNOC	DC) exposure) C)		
CAS #	Hazardous Compor	nents (Chemical Name)	Other US EPA or	State Lists			
64742-95-6	SC-100 Solvent		CAA HAP,ODC: I CWA NPDES: No TSCA: Yes - Inve CA PROP.65: No	CAA HAP,ODC: No CWA NPDES: No TSCA: Yes - Inventory CA PROP.65: No			
NA	Acrylamide-substitute	ed epoxy (generic)	CAA HAP,ODC: I CWA NPDES: No TSCA: Yes - 5A(2	CAA HAP,ODC: No CWA NPDES: No TSCA: Yes - 5A(2) - P92660			
Licensed to SUNB	BELT LABORATORIES:	MIRS MSDS, (c) A V System	s, Inc.		GHS format		



Page: 8 Printed: 12/14/2023 Revision: 12/14/2023 Supersedes Revision: 03/15/2023

		Supersedes Revision. 03/13/2023			
		CA PROP.65: No			
108-88-3	Toluene	CAA HAP,ODC: HAP: VHAP CWA NPDES: Yes TSCA: Yes - Inventory, 8A CAIR, 8C CA PROP.65: Yes: RDTox(F)			
16. Other Information					

Revision Date:

12/14/2023

Additional Information About No data available.

This Product:

Company Policy or Disclaimer: DISCLAIMER: To the best of our knowledge, the information cotained herin is accurate. There is no assumption of liability for accuracy contained within this information. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handlilng, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.